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## PRIME SUMS OF CONSECUTIVE PRIMES

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There are twenty-five primes  $< 10^2$ , namely:

2 3 5 7 11 13 17 19 23 29 31 37 41  
43 47 53 59 61 67<sup>a</sup> 71 73 79 83 89 97

Imbedded in this sequence are sixty-six sub-sequences of consecutive primes with prime sums that vary from 5 to 1019. The five that contain 2 are:

$$2 + 3 = 5;$$

$$2 + 3 + 5 + 7 = 17;$$

$$2 + 3 + 5 + 7 + 11 + 13 = 41 \text{ a};$$

$$2 + 3 + \dots + 37 = 197 \text{ c}; \text{ and}$$

$$2 + 3 + \dots + 43 = 281 \text{ g}.$$

These contain 2, 4, 6, 12, and 14 primes, respectively.

The sixty-one prime sums of an odd number of consecutive primes are listed in Table 1 where the frequencies of sub-sequences of particular lengths are shown in parentheses. Sums followed by the same lower case letter have dual representation, except that the three different sub-sequences, h, sum to 311.

Every prime  $< 89$  is the leading term of at least one sub-sequence with a prime sum. It will be observed that in the group of three consecutive primes, the leading terms of 3, 5, 3, and 2 of the sub-sequences are consecutive primes. Similar relationships occur among the leading terms in the groups composed of five, seven, nine, eleven, and fifteen consecutive primes.

All of the sub-sequences of consecutive primes, except the four indicated by an asterisk (\*), are imbedded in one or more longer sequences.

Six of the prime sums are palindromes: 101, 131, 181, 353, 373, and 797. The largest prime in the sequence totaling 353 is 53.

Table 1. Consecutive Primes with Prime Sums

Three Primes (15)	Seven Primes (cont'd.)
$5 + 7 + 11 = 23$	$53 + 59 + 61 + \dots + 79 = 463$
$7 + 11 + 13 = 31$	$61 + 67 + 71 + \dots + 89 = 523$
$11 + 13 + 17 = 41$ a	$67 + 71 + 73 + \dots + 97 = 559$
$17 + 19 + 23 = 59$	Nine Primes (5)
$19 + 23 + 29 = 71$	$3 + 5 + 7 + \dots + 29 = 127$
$23 + 29 + 31 = 83$ b	$29 + 31 + 37 + \dots + 61 = 401$ i
$29 + 31 + 37 = 97$	$31 + 37 + 41 + \dots + 67 = 439$
$31 + 37 + 41 = 109$	$37 + 41 + 43 + \dots + 71 = 479$
$41 + 43 + 47 = 131$	$47 + 53 + 59 + \dots + 83 = 593$
$53 + 59 + 61 = 173$	Eleven Primes (8)
$61 + 67 + 71 = 199$ d	$5 + 7 + 11 + \dots + 41 = 233$
$67 + 71 + 73 = 211$	$7 + 11 + 13 + \dots + 43 = 271$
$71 + 73 + 79 = 223$ e	$11 + 13 + 17 + \dots + 47 = 311$ h
$79 + 83 + 89 = 251$ f	$13 + 17 + 19 + \dots + 53 = 353$
$83 + 89 + 97 = 269$	$19 + 23 + 29 + \dots + 61 = 443$
Five Primes (12)	$23 + 29 + 31 + \dots + 67 = 491$ k
$5 + 7 + 11 + 13 + 17 = 53$	$37 + 41 + 43 + \dots + 79 = 631$
$7 + 11 + 13 + 17 + 19 = 67$	$41 + 43 + 47 + \dots + 83 = 677$
$11 + 13 + 17 + 19 + 23 = 83$ b	Thirteen Primes (2)
$13 + 17 + 19 + 23 + 29 = 101$	$29 + 31 + 37 + \dots + 79 = 691$
$19 + 23 + 29 + 31 + 37 = 139$	$41 + 43 + 47 + \dots + 97 = 863$ m
$29 + 31 + 37 + 41 + 43 = 181$	Fifteen Primes (5)
$31 + 37 + 41 + 43 + 47 = 199$ d	$3 + 5 + 7 + \dots + 53 = 379$
$43 + 47 + 53 + 59 + 61 = 263$	$7 + 11 + 13 + \dots + 61 = 491$ k
$53 + 59 + 61 + 67 + 71 = 311$ h	$19 + 23 + 29 + \dots + 79 = 733$
$59 + 61 + 67 + 71 + 73 = 331$	$23 + 29 + 31 + \dots + 83 = 797$
$67 + 71 + 73 + 79 + 83 = 373$	$29 + 31 + 37 + \dots + 89 = 863$ m
$73 + 79 + 83 + 89 + 97 = 421$	Seventeen Primes (2)
Seven Primes (10)	$3 + 5 + 7 + \dots + 61 = 499$ *
$17 + 19 + 23 + \dots + 41 = 197$ c	$5 + 7 + 11 + \dots + 67 = 563$ *
$19 + 23 + 29 + \dots + 43 = 223$ e	Nineteen Primes (2)
$23 + 29 + 31 + \dots + 47 = 251$ f	$11 + 13 + 17 + \dots + 83 = 857$
$29 + 31 + 37 + \dots + 53 = 281$ g	$17 + 19 + 23 + \dots + 97 = 1019$ *
$31 + 37 + 41 + \dots + 59 = 311$ h	Twenty-One Primes (1)
$43 + 47 + 53 + \dots + 71 = 401$ i	$7 + 11 + 13 + \dots + 89 = 953$ *
$47 + 53 + 59 + \dots + 73 = 431$	